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# The Costs Lawyer profession in 2025

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25 January 2026

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Costs Lawyer Standards Board

CLSB  
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# Introduction

The CLSB holds various types of data about the Costs Lawyer profession. We collect and analyse this data for a variety of purposes, such as:

- understanding the nature of our regulated community, including the service that Costs Lawyers provide, the challenges they face and how they interact with consumers and the public
- identifying areas of risk so that we can tailor our regulatory interventions accordingly
- monitoring the diversity of the profession and barriers to entry, promotion or inclusion
- supervising compliance with our regulatory rules
- sharing intelligence with other organisations, such as the Association of Costs Lawyers, to help with initiatives for the benefit of Costs Lawyers and the public.

Data we collect includes:

- information about the nature of Costs Lawyers' practice as part of their annual application for a practising certificate (the regulatory return)
- diversity statistics
- supervision and disciplinary information
- ad hoc information to help us fulfil our statutory obligations, such as opinions, feedback and predictions about market impacts.

The data we hold is [available on our website](#) or by [contacting us](#). This report provides an annual summary of core metrics.

Throughout this report, data is presented in a series of tables. Unless otherwise indicated, the figures in the tables show the percentage of Costs Lawyers that fall into each relevant category. By way of example, in the table on the next page that provides statistics on the age profile of the profession, the figures indicate that 8.5% of Costs Lawyers were aged between 20 and 29 in 2017. If you have any questions about interpreting the data, please [contact us](#).

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# About Costs Lawyers

## Age

The average age of Costs Lawyers has been similar for the last few years. The number of Costs Lawyers in the 20-29 age group was falling between 2018 and 2022 (in part due to the route of entry into the profession being closed 2017 to 2019) but has now increased for the third year running, and should continue to do so since the new CLPQ started admitting students from 2023.

Year	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	Age not given/prefer not to say
2017	8.5	37	26	18	8	2.5
2018	9.5	36.8	27.1	16.6	8.5	1.5
2019	7.4	37.3	27.2	18.2	9.2	1.5
2020	4.3	37.7	29	18.9	9	1
2021	4.1	35.6	28.2	18.5	7.6	5
2022	1.7	34.8	31.5	19.8	10.4	1.8
2023	2.2	32.7	33	20	10.5	1.6
2024	3.1	30.4	33.4	21.1	10.3	1.7
2025	4.7	27.4	34.7	20.9	10.8	1.5

## Diversity

Data relating to the diversity of the Costs Lawyer profession across a wide range of metrics is [available on our website](#). An analysis of the data from our 2025 Survey will be published later this year.

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# About Costs Lawyers' practice

## Organisation type

Since 2011, the number of Costs Lawyers in each type of practice has fluctuated year on year. Overall, the proportions of Costs Lawyers working for costs law firms and as sole practitioners have fallen, while the number working in firms regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority (SRA) has increased. Since 2018, more Costs Lawyers have been working in SRA regulated firms than any other type of organisation, although there has been a small increase in the percentage of Costs Lawyers working in costs law firms since 2020.

Year	Unregulated costs law firm	Sole practitioner	SRA regulated firm	In-house	Not currently practising
2011	53.8	16.1	26.5		
2012	48.2	17.4	31.0		
2013	42.0	19.4	29.2		
2014	44.0	17.8	34.3		
2015	41.0	15.8	33.7		
2016	38.0	17.7	37.2		
2017	43.1	14.5	37.8		
2018	39.6	14.1	41.0		
2019	39.7	11.8	41.2		
2020	35.4	13.6	47.0	3.0	
2021	39.3	12.2	44.8	3.7	
2022	40.2	11.3	44.5	3.9	
2023	40	10.4	45.4	3.9	0.3
2024	41.7	9.7	44.7	3.9	0
2025	40.7	8.2	46.7	4.1	0.3

### Notes:

1. In-house data is not available prior to 2020. Figures do not always total 100% because prior to 2020 data was not recorded for Costs Lawyers not working exclusively in one of the first three categories, and it was not obligatory for practitioners to provide this information.
2. Costs Lawyers were able to renew their practising certificate without having a current organisation for the first time in 2024.

## Practice areas

We collect information about the types of costs services that Costs Lawyers provide in applications for a practising certificate. Current practice areas are shown on the [Register of Costs Lawyers](#). To date the percentage of Costs Lawyers working in each area is reasonably static.

Practice areas	Number of Costs Lawyers			Percentage of Costs Lawyers		
	1 Jan 2024	1 Jan 2025	1 Jan 2026	1 Jan 2024	1 Jan 2025	1 Jan 2026
Costs management and budgeting	595	634	663	90	90	89
Litigation funding	267	294	313	40	42	42
Personal injury or clinical negligence disputes	488	542	573	74	77	77
Insolvency disputes	100	113	120	15	16	16
International disputes	146	171	185	22	24	25
Solicitor/client disputes	387	432	444	58	61	59
Other civil litigation or ADR	376	430	466	57	61	62
Court of protection	225	279	295	34	40	39
Family	101	142	156	15	20	21
Crime	30	39	45	5	6	6
Probate	71	109	120	11	15	16
Legal aid	169	200	209	25	28	28
Public sector	95	117	121	14	17	16
Tribunals	121	166	184	18	24	25
Higher courts	215	256	282	32	36	38
Litigants in person	150	188	197	23	27	26
Practice management	142	162	182	21	23	24
Other	387	442	480	58	63	64

## Number of Organisations

With applications for a practising certificate we also ask Costs Lawyers to provide us with details of all the organisations in which they work, rather than just their primary place of practice. Current additional organisations are shown on the [Register of Costs Lawyers](#).

Costs Lawyers with one or more additional organisation		
Year	Number regulated at 1 January	Number with one or more additional organisation
2024	663	13
2025	704	21
2026	747	26

## Insurance

The CLSB collects data relating to the professional indemnity insurance policies held by Costs Lawyers working as sole practitioners or for costs law firms not regulated by the SRA. The minimum level of cover prescribed in the Practising Rules is £100,000.

Since 2014, the percentage of Costs Lawyers in these organisations with higher levels of cover has been increasing. The percentage with cover of £2m or higher more than doubled between 2014 and 2022, and has continued to rise with now over half Costs Lawyers in these organisations having this level of cover.

Cover level	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
£100,000	22.1	17.5	18.6	16.0	10.6	10.1	9.8	9.4	8.6	8.7	6.0
£100,001-£999,999	32.0	28.9	26.6	23.7	23.3	24.6	23.6	22.9	23.3	23.8	19.9
£1,000,000-£1,999,999	24.9	25.8	25.1	26.5	29.4	26.5	27.0	21.1	21.2	18.8	19.9
£2,000,000+	20.4	28.0	29.5	33.9	37.1	38.8	39.7	46.6	46.8	48.7	54.3

Note: This data was not collected in 2019.

## Other legal regulation

Since 2021 the CLSB has asked Costs Lawyers whether they hold a current practising certificate from any other legal regulator. These numbers have been increasing each year.

Number regulated as	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Chartered legal executive	13	16	22	22	22
CILEx Practitioner				1	3
Solicitor	13	15	16	18	17
Other	1	1	2	2	3
Total	27	32	40	43	45

## Complaints

The number of complaints made at first tier has been increasing over the last few years but the total number remains low, which could be explained by a variety of factors such as strong client satisfaction, high levels of informal resolution or a lack of awareness about how to complain. To mitigate against the possibility that a lack of understanding is a barrier to complaints, in 2021 we introduced a [supervision framework](#) for auditing Costs Lawyers' complaints procedures.

Year	Number of first tier complaints made
2015	6
2016	1
2017	3
2018	3
2019	5
2020	3
2021	4
2022	5
2023	8
2024	5
2025	6

Similarly low levels of complaints are formally escalated to the second tier (namely the CLSB in relation to conduct complaints and the Legal Ombudsman in relation to service quality complaints and hybrid complaints relating to both service quality and conduct).

Second tier complaints				
Year	CLSB (Conduct)		Legal Ombudsman (Service)	
	Number made	Number upheld	Number made	Number upheld
2011		0		0
2012		2		1
2013		0		1
2014		1		0
2015		0		1
2016		0		0
2017		0		0
2018		2		0
2019		1		0
2020		0		0
2021		0		0
2022	3	1	0	0
2023	7	0	0	0
2024	2	2	1 <sup>1</sup>	0
2025	7	3	1	0

Notes:

1. Due to the time taken to investigate complaints the number **upheld** in any one year does not directly relate to the number **made** in the same year.
2. The above figures do not include complaints made about Costs Lawyers regulated by other legal regulator made to that regulator.

## About Costs Lawyers' clients

### Sources of instructions

From 2020, we began to ask Costs Lawyers about the sources of their instructions as a proportion of total work. (Although we had asked questions about number of cases from different sources in the past, this data is not directly comparable.)

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<sup>1</sup> Complaint withdrawn October 2024

	Proportion of instructions from lay clients					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0%	80.77	80.79	79.73	81.46	82.00	81.24
1-10%	15.68	15.10	16.34	14.74	15.00	15.94
1-25%	1.78	1.76	1.82	1.61	1.14	1.13
26-50%	1.18	1.17	0.61	0.73	0.71	0.71
51-75%	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.44	0.43	0.28
76-90%	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
91-99%	0.30	0.29	0.00	0.29	0.14	1.14
100%	0.74	0.73	1.06	0.73	0.57	0.56

	Proportion of instructions from other legal service providers					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0%	22.34	26.54	18.91	20.88	13.43	10.01
1-10%	2.22	1.91	2.87	3.07	2.14	2.26
11-25%	1.48	1.47	1.21	0.88	1.14	0.85
26-50%	3.40	3.23	3.18	3.07	3.00	2.96
51-75%	2.66	2.64	2.72	3.21	3.00	3.39
76-90%	6.66	6.30	10.14	8.76	10.29	9.17
91-99%	10.50	10.26	9.83	8.32	9.00	10.01
100%	50.74	47.65	51.13	51.82	58.00	61.35

	Proportion of instructions from corporate clients					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0%	71.75	72.87	65.51	69.34	68.43	69.25
1-10%	8.14	7.77	10.44	9.20	10.86	10.44
11-25%	2.66	2.64	4.24	3.65	4.57	4.94
26-50%	3.40	3.37	4.08	4.23	4.29	3.81
51-75%	1.18	1.03	1.06	1.17	0.86	0.28
76-90%	1.48	1.32	1.82	1.61	1.57	1.27
91-99%	1.92	1.76	1.06	1.17	0.86	1.27
100%	9.47	9.24	11.8	9.64	8.57	8.75

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The percentage of Costs Lawyers instructed exclusively by other legal services providers, such as solicitors or barristers, has increased again in 2025. The proportion of Costs Lawyers doing no work at all for other legal services providers has continued to fall.

Less than 20% of Costs Lawyers received any instructions from lay (individual) clients in all bar one of the last six years. Of those who do accept such instructions only about 3% do more than 10% of their total workload for lay clients. However, a very small number of Costs Lawyers receive all their instructions from lay clients.

The small uplift in the percentage of Costs Lawyers receiving some instructions from corporate clients in 2022 has not been sustained, and over two thirds of Costs Lawyers receive no corporate instructions at all.

We ask Costs Lawyers about the number and nature of instructions they expect to receive from lay clients during the year. Capturing this data on a prospective basis – that is, asking Costs Lawyers about the instructions they expected to receive during the year rather than asking them about the instructions they actually received during the previous year – allows us to identify those Costs Lawyers who are required to follow our regulatory framework for providing or marketing services directly to consumers.

Costs Lawyers expecting to provide or market services to consumers		
Year	Number	Percentage of total regulated at 1 Jan
2024	66	9.98
2025	59	8.43
2026	76	10.17

Percentage of workload expected from consumers (of Costs Lawyers providing or marketing services to consumers only)			
	Number of Costs Lawyers - 2024	Number of Costs Lawyers - 2025	Number of Costs Lawyers - 2026
100%	0	1	0
99-76%	0	1	0
51-75%	0	0	0
26-50%	3	3	2
11-25%	3	3	4
1-10%	42	51	68

Using the reported data we are able to calculate the percentage of the total workload of all regulated Costs Lawyers expected to come from direct consumer instructions. In all three years to date the figure has been less than 1%.

Year	Percentage of total Costs Lawyer workload from consumer instructions
2024	0.68
2025	0.98
2026	0.77

## Legal aid

Between 2012 and 2020 the percentage of the profession undertaking exclusively legal aid work doubled from 2.5% to 5%, and has since stayed around this number. The number of Costs Lawyers who do not undertake any legal aid work has increased significantly since 2012, almost doubling, and is continuing to rise. This is likely to be driven by reforms and other pressures on legal aid more broadly.

Year	Proportion of workload comprising legal aid work					
	0%	1-25%	26-50%	51-75%	76-99%	100%
2012	38.8	28.7	5.2	8.9	9.9	2.5
2013	46.7	23.4	4.7	7.9	8.3	2.9
2014	49.1	27.4	3.4	6.6	6.7	3.2
2015	49.8	23.7	5	1.6	6.3	4.1
2016	50.3	15.6	1.4	3.5	2.6	3.8
2017	56.1	20.8	3.4	2.4	5.9	2.1
2018	55.2	24.0	2.8	3.2	5.1	2.8
2019	51.3	22.3	3.0	3.1	4.3	3.7
2020	70.2	17.3	2.4	2.8	1.9	5.0
2021	71.4	16.7	2.3	2.2	0.7	4.7
2022	70.2	17.9	2.9	2.3	2.9	3.9
2023	71.7	15.3	3.5	1.8	3.2	4.5
2024	72.4	14.0	3.6	1.6	2.7	5.7
2025	73.6	12.7	3.7	1.3	3.7	5.1

Note: Where years do not total 100%, some Costs Lawyers did not provide this information.

## Pro bono work

The number of pro bono cases undertaken by Costs Lawyers rose between 2015 and 2019. In 2019 there were 97 pro bono cases in total, and 45 of these were dealt with by one Costs Lawyer; the next largest number of cases was just 6. The overall trend is likely to be explained by the changing nature of traditional work areas and the rise in litigants in person using the justice system generally.

Year	Number of cases
2015	0
2016	4
2017	77
2018	61
2019	97

To better capture how the trend may be changing over time, from 2020 we asked Costs Lawyers to report on the percentage of their instructions that were pro bono. The figures are very similar for every year, with only around 3% of Costs Lawyers doing any pro bono work at all.

Proportion of workload comprising pro bono cases	% of the profession					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0%	97.2	97.2	97.1	96.6	97.3	97.0
1-25%	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.2	2.6	3.0
26-50%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
51-75%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
76-100%	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0

We encourage all Costs Lawyers to engage with pro bono work and to consult our [guidance for Costs Lawyers](#) which was published in 2021.

## Vulnerable clients

This data has been collected since 2016. Generally Costs Lawyers deal with very few vulnerable clients, which reflects the low number of overall instructions received directly from individual consumer clients.

From 2020 the data has been collected as a percentage of total instructions rather than an absolute number of instructions to improve comparability. The vast majority of Costs Lawyers do not deal with vulnerable clients at all, although two individual Costs Lawyers deal almost exclusively with vulnerable clients. The nature of vulnerabilities in 2025 included protected parties, lay clients, language, and age.

Year	Number of vulnerable clients
2016	2
2017	4
2018	16
2019	13

Proportion of vulnerable clients	% of the profession					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
0%	98.5	98.5	97.7	97.5	98.0	97.9
1 – 25%	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.3
26 – 50%	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3
51 – 75%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
76 -100%	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4